

Dry Cleaning for Hygienic Equipment

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Soil removal without wet chemistry and especially without water.

- Microbiological Control & Cleaning
 - Food source removal from equipment and environment without moisture introduction
- Allergen Control & Cleaning
 - Protein removal without chemical intervention

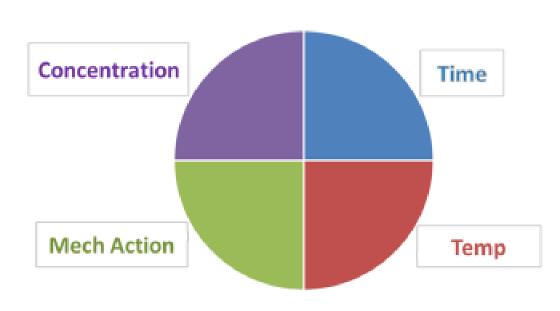


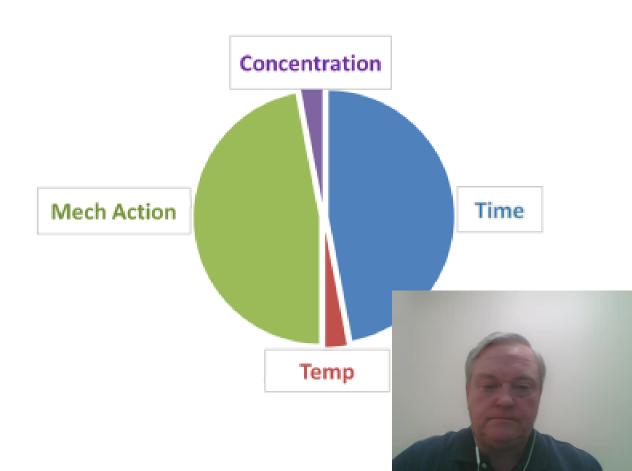
THE CLEANING MATRIX

DRY CLEANING VIEW

Cleaning Matrix (Balanced)

Cleaning Matrix (Dry Cleaning)



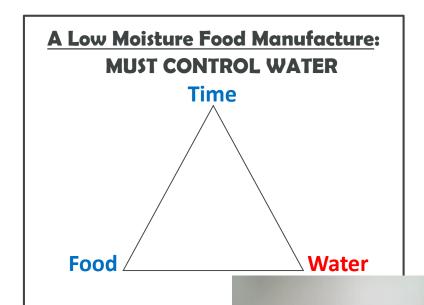




MICROBIOLOGICAL CONTROL DRY CLEAN ONLY

Goal: Eliminate moisture in dry processing and packaging equipment and environments.

- Pathogens of concern are adaptive to dry and hot environments.
 - Salmonella
 - Cronobacter sakazakii
- Nutrients present in dry foods
 - Spray dried powders are not sterile





BACTERIA ARE LIKE SEEDS – THEY NEED WATER, FOOD AND PREFER NICHES TO GROW!















MICROBIOLOGICAL CONTROL DRY CLEAN ONLY

- Minimize food sources in equipment & environment
- Do not allow microbiological ingress or harborage
 - Hygienic Zoning & Barriers
 - Continuous Environmental Sanitation Program
 - MSS & Periodic
- Protect Product Contact Surfaces
 - Precautions during Interventions & Inspections



SIFTER. THIS ROOM HAS BEEN RUNNING FOR 11 DAYS SINCE THE LAST DRY CLEAN.



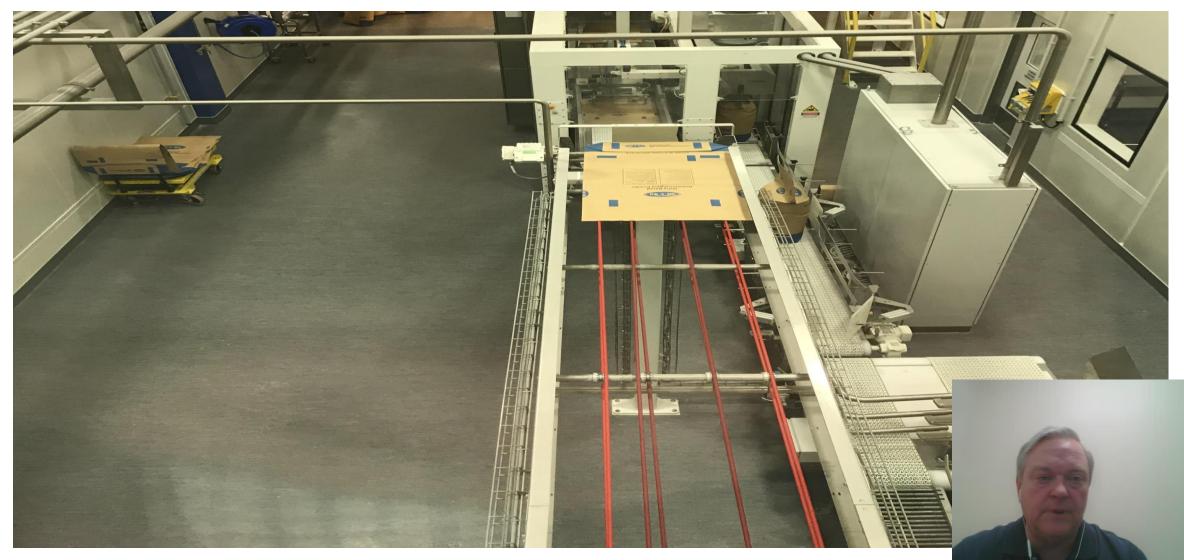


POWDER BIN ROOM - 32 DAYS SINCE THE LAST DRY CLEAN.





25 KG BAG LINE - BIG MECHANICAL FAILURE EARLIER IN THE DAY WHERE BAGS WERE THROWN OFF THE LINE & POWDER EVERYWHERE. THIS IS THE ROOM ABOUT 4 HOURS AFTER THE EVENT AND DRY CLEANING.





ALLERGEN CONTROL DRY CLEAN ONLY

- Complete removal of product is even more critical
 - Any residue can contain allergen
- Multiple layers of inspection, verification and validation
 - Visual, ATP, Allergen swab
- Product purges and/or scouring
 - Push residual powder out with allergen free powder
 - Validation testing





ALLERGEN CONTROL DRY CLEAN ONLY

- Modified Wet Cleaning
 - Use of alcohol wipes
 - Localized wet cleaning
- Must validate complete dry out
 - Microbiology control but also allergen
- Multiple layers of inspection, verification and validation
 - Visual, ATP, Allergen swab





Successful program requires the following:

- Hygienic design of equipment and facility
- Defined cleaning process and procedures
- Effective and proper tools
- Consistent, uncompromising behaviors and execution





Effective and proper cleaning tools

- Vacuums HEPA filtered, explosion proof, dedicated
 - Collection point for environmental monitoring
 - Maintenance and cleaning plans
- Brushes resin set, soft bristled, color coded
 - Job specific, dedicated, properly cleaned and stored, 5S
- Scrapers
 - Metal detectable
- Towels dry versus alcohol wipes





Alternative dry cleaning tools

Compressed air
Dry steam cleaning
Dry ice cleaning
Soda blasting (scouring)





Defined Cleaning Process and Procedures

- 1. Pre-Sanitation Preparation
- 2. Secure & Dismantle
- 3. Pre-Clean
- 4. Detail Cleaning
- 5. Final Cleaning
- 6. Final Inspection/Documentation





Defined Cleaning Process and Procedures

1. Pre-Sanitation Preparation

Remove or 5s production related materials

Maintain hygienic barriers & keep product out of the environment

2. Secure & Dismantle

LOTO and disassemble as possible and needed Gain access for cleaning and inspecting

3. Pre-Clean

Work Top-Down and Sequence the entire room Protect the product contact surfaces Knock down, vacuum up





Defined Cleaning Process and Procedures

4. Detail Cleaning

Seek and remove hard to clean soils
Scrapers for caked on soils, disposable towels for grease, etc.
Knock down, vacuum up

5. Final Cleaning

Work Top-Down and Sequence the entire room Seek out redeposited soils, hidden soils Ensure complete dry out as needed

6. Final Inspection/Documentation

Inspect for soils and extraneous, double check as reassembled – LOTO Complete all inspection & Pre-Op forms – document all activity





Hygienic design of equipment and facilities

- Sanitary design considerations
 - Free flowing product zones with nearly complete evacuation of product
 - Protect the closed system when opening
 - Minimize the need to open the system
 - Build in safeguards to isolate the intrusion point
 - Keep the environment out of the product, and the product out of the environment
 - Dry Out capabilities.





A parting thought on sanitizing

- Alcohol
- Chlorine Dioxide gassing
- Heat
- (steam, silver ion, UV)





DRY CLEAN ONLY APPLICATIONS SANITARY DESIGN

In Summary, the following considerations will help improve Sanitary Design of Equipment in Dry Clean applications:

- Maximum removal of product
- Limited tools and methods for cleaning & sanitizing
- Keep the product out of the environment, and the environment out of the product
- War on Water

Thank You!

